1	ENROLLED
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
3	FOR
4	Senate Bill No. 74
5	(SENATOR SYPOLT, original sponsor)
6	
7	[Passed April 13, 2013; in effect ninety days from passage.]
8	
9	
10	
11	AN ACT to amend and reenact $\$52-1-5a$ and $\$52-1-8$ of the Code of
12	West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to redefining
13	the basis for disqualification of prospective jurors to
14	include those who have been convicted of any crime punishable
15	by imprisonment in excess of one year, perjury or false
16	swearing; and requiring clerks to provide copies of certain
17	juror qualification questionnaires to counsel of record upon
18	request.
19	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
20	That $\$52-1-5a$ and $\$52-1-8$ of the Code of West Virginia, 1931,
21	as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
22	ARTICLE 1. PETIT JURIES.
23	§52-1-5a. Jury qualification form; contents; procedure for use;
24	penalties.
25	(a) Not less than twenty days before the date for which
26	persons are to report for jury duty, the clerk may, if directed by

2 the master list, a juror qualification form accompanied by 3 instructions necessary for its completion: *Provided*, That the clerk 4 may, if directed by the court, mail the juror qualification form to 5 only those prospective jurors drawn for jury service under the 6 provisions of section seven of this article. Each prospective 7 juror shall be directed to complete the form and return it by mail 8 to the clerk within ten days after its receipt. The juror 9 qualification form is subject to approval by the circuit court as

1 the court, serve by first-class mail, upon each person listed on

12 (1) The juror's name, sex, race, age and marital status;

11 concerning the prospective juror:

13 (2) The juror's level of educational attainment, occupation 14 and place of employment;

10 to matters of form and shall elicit the following information

- 15 (3) If married, the name of the juror's spouse and the 16 occupation and place of employment of the spouse;
- 17 (4) The juror's residence address and the juror's mailing 18 address if different from the residence address;
- 19 (5) The number of children which the juror has and their ages;
- 20 (6) Whether the juror is a citizen of the United States and a 21 resident of the county;
- 22 (7) Whether the juror is able to read, speak and understand 23 the English language;
- 24 (8) Whether the juror has any physical or mental disability 25 substantially impairing the capacity to render satisfactory jury 26 service: *Provided*, That a juror with a physical disability, who can

- 1 with reasonable accommodation render competent service, is eligible
 2 for service;
- 3 (9) Whether the juror has, within the preceding two years, 4 been summoned to serve as a petit juror, grand juror or magistrate 5 court juror, and has actually attended sessions of the magistrate 6 or circuit court and been reimbursed for his or her expenses as a 7 juror;
- 8 (10) Whether the juror has lost the right to vote because of 9 a criminal conviction; and
- 10 (11) Whether the juror has been convicted of perjury, false
 11 swearing or any crime punishable by imprisonment in excess of one
 12 year under the applicable law of this state, another state or the
 13 United States.
- The juror qualification form may also request information concerning the prospective juror's religious preferences and organizational affiliations, except that the form and the accompanying instructions shall clearly inform the juror that this information need not be provided if the juror declines to answer such inquiries.
- (b) The juror qualification form shall contain the prospective 21 juror's declaration that the responses are true to the best of the 22 prospective juror's knowledge and an acknowledgment that a willful 23 misrepresentation of a material fact may be punished by a fine of 24 not more than \$500 or imprisonment for not more than thirty days, 25 or both fine and imprisonment. Notarization of the juror 26 qualification form shall not be required. If the prospective juror

- 1 is unable to fill out the form, another person may assist the
 2 prospective juror in the preparation of the form and indicate that
 3 such person has done so and the reason therefor. If an omission,
 4 ambiguity or error appear in a returned form, the clerk shall again
 5 send the form with instructions to the prospective juror to make
 6 the necessary addition, clarification or correction and to return
 7 the form to the clerk within ten days after its second receipt.
- 8 (c) Any prospective juror who fails to return a completed 9 juror qualification form as instructed shall be directed by the 10 clerk to appear forthwith before the clerk to fill out the juror 11 qualification form. At the time of the prospective juror's 12 appearance for jury service, or at the time of any interview before 13 the court or clerk, any prospective juror may be required to fill 14 out another juror qualification form in the presence of the court 15 or clerk. At that time the prospective juror may be questioned 16 with regard to the responses to questions contained on the form and 17 the grounds for the prospective juror's excuse or disqualification. 18 Any information thus acquired by the court or clerk shall be noted 19 on the juror qualification form.
- (d) Any person who willfully misrepresents a material fact on 21 a juror qualification form or during any interview described in 22 subsection (c) of this section, for the purpose of avoiding or 23 securing service as a juror, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 24 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned 25 not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.

1 (e) Upon the clerk's receipt of the juror qualification 2 questionnaires of persons selected as prospective petit jurors, he 3 or she shall make the questionnaires of the persons so selected 4 available, upon request, to counsel of record in the trial or 5 trials for which the persons have been selected as prospective 6 jurors.

7 52-1-8. Disqualification from jury service.

- 8 (a) The court, shall determine whether any prospective juror 9 is disqualified for jury service on the basis of information 10 provided on the juror qualification form or interview with the 11 prospective juror or other competent evidence. The clerk shall 12 enter this determination in the space provided on the juror 13 qualification form and on the alphabetical lists of names drawn 14 from the jury wheel or jury box.
- 15 (b) A prospective juror is disqualified to serve on a jury if 16 the prospective juror:
- 17 (1) Is not a citizen of the United States, at least eighteen 18 years old and a resident of the county;
- 19 (2) Is unable to read, speak and understand the English 20 language. For the purposes of this section, the requirement of 21 speaking and understanding the English language is met by the 22 ability to communicate in American Sign Language or Signed English; 23 (3) Is incapable, by reason of substantial physical or mental
- 24 disability, of rendering satisfactory jury service. A person 25 claiming this disqualification may be required to submit a 26 physician's certificate as to the disability and the certifying

- 1 physician is subject to inquiry by the court at its discretion;
- 2 (4) Has, within the preceding two years, been summoned to
- 3 serve as a petit juror, grand juror or magistrate court juror and
- 4 has attended sessions of the magistrate or circuit court and been
- 5 reimbursed for his or her expenses as a juror pursuant to the
- 6 provisions of section twenty-one of this article, section thirteen,
- 7 article two of this chapter, or pursuant to an applicable rule or
- 8 regulation of the Supreme Court of Appeals promulgated pursuant to
- 9 the provisions of section eight, article five, chapter fifty of
- 10 this code;
- 11 (5) Has lost the right to vote because of a criminal
- 12 conviction; or
- 13 (6) Has been convicted of perjury, false swearing or any crime
- 14 punishable by imprisonment in excess of one year under the
- 15 applicable law of this state, another state or the United States.
- 16 (c) A prospective juror seventy years of age or older is not
- 17 disqualified from serving but shall be excused from service by the
- 18 court upon his or her request.
- 19 (d) A prospective grand juror is disqualified to serve on a
- 20 grand jury if he or she is an officeholder under the laws of the
- 21 United States or of this state except that the term "officeholder"
- 22 does not include notaries public.
- 23 (e) A person who is physically disabled and can render
- 24 competent service with reasonable accommodation is not ineligible
- 25 to act as juror and may not be dismissed from a jury panel on the
- 26 basis of disability alone. The circuit judge shall, upon motion by

- 1 either party or upon his or her own motion, disqualify a disabled
- 2 juror if the circuit judge finds that the nature of potential
- 3 evidence in the case including, but not limited to, the type or
- 4 volume of exhibits or the disabled juror's ability to evaluate a
- 5 witness or witnesses, unduly inhibits the disabled juror's ability
- 6 to evaluate the potential evidence. For purposes of this section:
- 7 (1) Reasonable accommodation includes, but is not limited to,
- 8 certified interpreters for the hearing impaired, spokespersons for
- 9 the speech impaired, real-time court reporting and readers for the
- 10 visually impaired.
- 11 (2) The court shall administer an oath or affirmation to any
- 12 person present to facilitate communication for a disabled juror.
- 13 The substance of the oath or affirmation shall be that any person
- 14 present as an accommodation to a disabled juror will not deliberate
- 15 on his or her own behalf, although present throughout the
- 16 proceedings, but act only to accurately communicate for and to the
- 17 disabled juror.
- 18 (f) Nothing in this article limits a party's right to
- 19 preemptory strikes in civil or criminal actions.